## LONDON IN VERY BAD SHAPE

A Famine Threatening the British Metropolis.

COAL PORTERS GAIN A POINT.

The Dock Companies Blamed for the Big Strike Because of Their Refusal to Concede Just Demands.

The Strike Causing Uneasiness. [Commight 1889 by James Gordon Bennett.] LONDON, August 23 .- [New York Herald Cable-Special to THE BEE. |- By far the most serious event of the day is the immense strike now going on in London. It gives very serious uneasiness to the authorities, and no wonder, for nearly 100,000 men are already engaged in it and there is every reason to believe that the number will go on increasing, for there are many signs that the entire movement has been preconcerted and that the socialistic bodies in London have been busily preparing for it for some little time. The general public do not yet seem to be aware of what is taking place around them. The shipping trade of this great port is nearly paralyzed, the coal trade is blocked, car men are giving up work in all directions, so that goods are with difficulty delivered, and it is well known that the gas companies are in fear and trembling of a strike which would plunge London in darkness. In point of fact, what seems to be just now impending is something like a general rising among the laboring classes. The men who have turned out thus far have shown great good temper in their processions and demonstrations, but they are also very determined not to allow men to work in the places which they have deserted. As police protection is claimed for the new hands and cannot be raised, it is obvious that grave elements of danger exist and they may break out at any The authorities are fully alive to this and last Sunday the foot guards as well as household regiments were kept in barracks all day in event of their services becoming necessary. The police force, already overworked, has also been again

called upon for extra duty.

There are always alarmists in every emer-

gency, who predict all sorts of calamities, hence one is not surprised to find that there are whispers of the docks being set on fire and of a general raid of the shops of the West End. Without anticipating any such disaster, it does seem a pity that the authorities could not have the dock companies consent to having the dispute with their men referred to arbitration. The dock laborer has much to complain of has been entirely helpless in the bands of the companies and they have taken every advantage of him. His present claims are in the main just and reasonable. Under these circumstances it is a pity that the government could not have brought a little gentle pressure to bear upon the dock companies so that a compromise might have been devised. I fear it is almost too late for that now. The strikers feel their own strength and their leaders impress upon them night and day that the metropolis is pretty much at their mercy. It is becoming more and more difficult every hour to see any way out of the difficulty. Meanwhile we really do not know how long we shall be able to get food. It is often pointed out that in the event of a blockade London would soon be reduced to starvation. We are getting into something like that position. Ships can indeed come up the river, but they can not unload Cargoes of foreign meat are spoiling in the Thames. Corn can not be discharged from the vessels which brought it, and even passenger traffic is beginning to be disorganixed. The whole business world of London is affected, for nothing can be bought or sold unless delivery can be guaranteed. Moreover, the strike seems likely to extend to Southampton, Liverpool and other ports. and if it does business will be most seriously impeded, if not actually stopped for a time with the most serious consequences for the police, as well as for the various companies. Parliament, of course, can do nothing in the matter, but perhaps the president of the board of trade might use his influence with the dock companies, even at this late hour, with a view of bringing about a reconciliation. Unless some such step can be taken the trouble will inevitably spread and we may soon have events to deplore which would alarm the whole country. The Cunard, White Star, Inman, P. & O. and other lines are doing their utmost to keep their men in good humor, and, indeed, most of the hands acknowledge that they have nothing serious to complain of, but they are

being subjected to great intimidation. If anything can be done to avert the evils which are looming heavily over us it behooves the government and all persons of influence to act without another moment's

Manchester's Business in Bad Shape. [Copyright 1889 by James Gordon Bunnett.] MANCHESTER, August 28 .- New York Herald Cable-Special to THE BEE.]-The London dock laborers' strike is interfering considerably with business here. Following is a sample of the telegrams which have been received from London by some of the largest firms in town: "The strike prevents delivery from the docks. We have ordered direct to Liverpool, Consignments of every description of goods via London for the north are similarly delayed and shippers are ordering delivery to be effected at other points." This action will probably have a permanently injurious effect upon the port

Southampton Benefitted.

(Copyright 1880 by James Gordon Bennett.) SOUTHAMPTON, August 28 .- | New York Herald Cable-Special to THE BEE. |-The all-wind which is blowing over London has blown a considerable amount of good over the port of Southampton. To-morrow the I & O company's steamship Peninsula is expected to arrive here to discharge. She left Bombay on the 6th inst. with the homeward Indian malis, arrived at Port Said on the 15th, Brindisi on Wednesday last and Malta on the following day. It is probable that she will be followed to this port by the Kaisarihind and Arcadia, both on their homeward voyages, the former from Calcutta and the latter from Australia. The Southampton men have no intention whatever of going out on a strike. They are only too pleased to get

Honoring London's Lord Mayor. [Congright 1880 by James Gordon Bennett.] LONDON, August 28.-[New York Herald Cable-Special to THE BEE. |-London's lord mayor was a commercial traveler, and on Saturday, October 5, he will be presented with a bust of himself, subscribed for by the commercial travelers of the United Kingdom as a mark of respect to him, he having begun his career in following their occupation.

THE COAL PORTERS WIN.

Merchants Concede Their Demands and They Will Return to Work. London, August 28 .- it is rumored that the dock companies have yielded to the demands of the strikers. The strikers have reached the number of 150,000. The leaders express a determination to press their claims and march through the streets until the demands of the dockmen shall have been granted. The streets, wharves and quays are unusually free from noise, owing to the absence of railway and carriers' carts, and street traffic is almost entirely confined to omnibuses and cabs. Public sentiment is growing in favor of the abolition of private dock companies and placing the docks under municipal control. The price of provisions is rising and Liverpool consignees are suffering, owing to inability to discharge shins freighted with perishable freight. Shippers and merchants are pressing the dock companies to yield, declaring that they are driving trade to other ports. An increased number of measure are at work to day. of men are at work to-day. Mail steamers

are being loaded slowly.

A monster procession left the West India docks this afternoon, which was swelled as it progressed. A steamer which had been loaded by the stewards and clerks from the office of the consignees sailed to-day for New Zealand. The other shipping houses are taking similar action.

The men at Hirsch's Copenhagen oil mills and Johnston Bros', white lead mills have struck, and it is said 10,000 of Lord Durham's miners are idle by reason of the strike. The dock companies show signs of yielding and have referred the question in dispute to a committee composed of officials of the companies and delegates from the strikers.

A decision is expected to-night. Midnight—The strike of the coal miners is practically ended and they will resume work to-morrow, the merchants having conceded the main demand of the strikers. The Glasgow workmen have formally demanded an advance of wages.

AN OVATION TO PATTL

Second Day's Proceedings of the

Welsh National Eisteddfod. Copyright 1889 by James Gor ion Bennett.1 BRECON, Wales, August 28 .- | New York Herald Cable-Special to THE BEE. |-The second day's proceedings of the Welsh National Eisteddfod were begun this morning in dull but fine weather. At an early hour the vast pavilion began to fill in anticipation oj Mme. Adeline Patti Nicolini's visit. Shortly after noon the building was packed, and it was estimated that fully 12,000 persons had assembled, thousands mere being unable to obtain admission. As the day advanced the excitement became intense, and when it was announced that Mme. Patti had arrived, deafening cheers went up from the multitude. This was nothing, however, to the scene which took place when she ascended the platform. The people rose en masse and thunders of applause rent the air. She wore the orders of merit of the late ezar of Russia, and also of the cities of Paris and Brussels.

She first sang the aria, "Oh, Non Credl," and a selection from "La Somnambula," and in response to an enthusiastic encore gave "The Last Rose of Summer" with thrilling effect. The climax of enthusiasm was not reached, however, until she sang "Home, Sweet Home," and the Welsh national song, "Hen Wiad fy Nhaudau," which means "Land of my forefathers."

Such a sight has never been witnessed be fore in Wales. During the singing many people were in tears, such was the pathos she imparted to the words, and at the termination of the songs cheer after cheer rang out for some minutes. The people rose t their feet and the waving of hats and hand kerchiefs presented an almost indescribable scene. The adjudications in the competitions were afterwards proceeded with, th day's proceedings terminating with miscellaneous concerts.

Not Proving a Bonanza.

[Copyright 1889 by James Gordon Bennett.] Skibbereen, August 28.—[New York Herald Cable-Special to THE BEE. ]-The mackerel fishery on the southwest coast of Ire land, which has been pretty extensively prosecuted, has not proved quite a success lately. No small amount of disappointment is thus caused, not only among United States fish merchants awaiting their lack here, but also among local fishermen, a large number of whom with their boats have come from the Isle of Man and engaged with Americans and other buyers at fixed figures. George W. Butler, of Boston, has engaged a fleet of Irish and Manix boats to fish for him on the Skibbereen coast.

## FOREST FIRES.

Great Destruction on the Eastern Slope of the Big Horn Mountains. BUFFALO, Wyo., August 28 .- | Special Telegram to THE BEE. |- Destructive timber fires are raging on the eastern slope of the Big Horn mountains. The fire started at the crossing of the country road on Muddy creek, sixteen miles southwest of Buffalo, and spread in both directions. The sawmil property of Richard Ritcher was consumed ast night and ranchmen have had a hard fight to keep the flames from spreading to the settlement. A heavy timber ridge was destroyed at the same time, entailing a loss of \$2,000 to the county. The consuming element is now at work on the Fort McKinney timber reservation and has approached within five miles of the post. Everything is dry as tinder and nothing but a heavy rain can save the progress of the flames.

## A TRAVELING ARSENAL

The Milwaukee, Lake Shore & West ern Prepared For Robbers.

ASHLAND, Wis., August 28:- | Special Tele gram to THE BEE. ]-Every passenger train that leaves Asnland over the Milwaukee, Lake Shore & Western carries a whole arsenal of revolvers and rifles. During the past few days Superintendent Hartley has been making preparations to arm the train men. Over \$300 have been expended in the purchase of firearms. Every conductor, brakeman and porter carries a brace of big revolvers and in every coach there is a rifle withir easy reach. Should the robber again appear on the Lake Shore road it is likely that he will meet with a warm recepti

Breaking Up a Counterfeit Gang. Sr. Joseph, Mo., August 2s. - Special Telegram to THE BEE. ]-Robinson, the man arrested at Union Star, Mo., a few days since for issuing counterfeit bills, made a confes sion which resulted in the arrest of Richard Veal, of the Union Star, who also confessed The result has been the arrest of a man named Roe at Leavenworth for making counterfeit silver dollars. Roe also con-fessed and the result is that United States Marshal Gates and United States De-tective Shaw left to-day for Sugar Lake, twenty-five miles south of this city, for the purpose of arresting the remainder of an or-ganized gang of counterfeiters who have been operating in that vicinity for some

The Weather Forecast.

For Nebraska: Fair in eastern, light local showers in western portion, cooler in southeast, stationary temperature in northwest portion, variable winds. For Iowa: Fair weather, slightly cooler westerly winds. For Dakota: Fair weather, slightly warmer

iu northwest, stationary temperature in southeast portion.

GEN. SHERMAN'S LAST SPEECH

The Old Hero's Talks to the Boys Ended.

HIS DAYS OF SPEAKING OVER.

Old Tecumseh Announces That He Will Make No More Orations-Alger ChoseN For Commander.

The Encampment Opens. MILWAUKER, August 28 .- The twenty-third national encampment was called to order by Commander-in-Chief Warner at 10:15. After prayer by Chaptain Wharton, of the Wisconsin department, and a brief intermission, Commander Warner read his address.

After eulogizing the G. A. R., Warner "The great gain during the year has said: been in the department of the Missouri. Eight departments show a gain in membership in good standing of 15,824, distributed as follows: Illinois, 1,283; Iowa, 1,413; Nebraska, 1,709; Pennsylvania, 1,746; New York, 1,995; Ohia, 2,003; Wisconsin, 2,023; Missouri, 3,652. The gain in membership during the year in good standing was 21,431."

He commended to each department the patriotic practice of the posts in the department of New York of presenting on the birthday of the father of his country, an American flag to such public schools are are not in the possession of one, and said:

"Let the 8,000,000 boys and girls in our public schools be thus imbued with reverence for the flag and all it represents. Then the future of the republic is assured." Warner closed his address with a review of the pension legislation, and said that the day was not far distant when an honorable discharge from the union army or navy shall be all the evidence necessary to secure a ension to the holder. Commander Warner finished his address

at 12:30, when a recess was taken until 2 SHERMAN AT THE SOLDIERS' HOME. About 200 regimental reunions were held this afternoon. About 25,000 people gathered at the National Soldiers' Home for disabled veterans, where the men passed in review before General Sherman and party. General Sherman was received with immense enthusiasm and made a brief speech which, he says is the last he will ever make. General Sherman spid:

"Boys, my speaking days are over. I am not going to make any more speeches. I am glad to see so many soldiers looking hearty and healthy. I think we can stand on our legs. I like to see that our old Uncle Sam takes pretty good care of these old soldiers. Uncle Sam cannot make old men young, but he can make young men just as good as you or I ever were. I see Milwaukee is full of them and they are coming out of the bushes everywhere. We have passed through one crisis of our country's history. I don't see any chance of another, but nobody knows the future. Bring up your children to love and venerate the old soldiers who fought in '61 and '65, and make them uncover their heads when they see that banner that you followed in the days which tried us. Let us venerate that flag and love our country and love each other and stand by each other as long as we have heads on our shoulders and legs on our bodies.
"Those old soldiers who marched against

"Inose old soldiers who marched against the enemy in those trying days a grateful country tries its best to assist, and will, I think, in fact I am sure, be good to you when you get old, all that is necessary, but keep young as long as you can, and do not go into a soldiers' home if you can belo it."

Ex-Commissioner Black and Secretary of Agriculture Rusk also made brief remarks. The annual reunion of the veteran signal

The annual reunion of the veteran signal corps was held here to-day and elected J. B. Foraker, of Ohio, president.

The report of the pension committee reviews in detail the work of the past eight years. The last national encampment comn ittee prepared two pension bills, the disa-bility bill and the bill granting a pension to each honorably discharged veteran at the monthly rate of one cent for each day's ser-vice with the minimum limitation of \$8 per month. Bills containing all of the provisions of these measures were then in various forms before a committee of congress, but it vas found on consultation with the members f the last session entirely impossible in th then state of public affairs to secure any favorable action thereon. Should the en-campment re-affirm its opinion of one year ago these bills are ready for early presentation to both branches of congress at the opening of the session. From interviews with the leading mem-

bers of both houses and the friendly attitude of the administration and the liberal views of the secretary of the interior and the com-missioner of pensions, the latter being ap-pointed after eight years of faithful service on this committee, legislation may be had which shall go far toward the completion of the full measure of the nation's indebtedness to the men who defended her flag.

Very unexpectedly the delegates proceeded to the election of officers to-night. General Russell A. Alger, of Michigan, had it all his own way and was elected by acclamation. Col. A. G. Weisset, of Milwaukee, was

elected senior vice-commander; John T. Lovett, of New Jersey, junior vice-com-mander. The election of the other officers mander. The election of the other officers was postponed until to-morrow.

The following points are taken from the annual report of Adjutant General Weigler: There are 32 permanent departments with 6,711 posts, and a standing membership of 332,589, being a net gain of 2 departments, 351 posts and 21,431 comrades during the past year. The new departments are those of year. The new departments are those of Alabama and Georgia. For charity and re-lief the order spent during the year \$237,637, making the total from July 1, 1871, \$1,985,935. Boston has been chosen as the place for the next encampment.

The Woman's Relief Corps. MILWAUKEE, August 28 .- The Woman's Relief Corps, national department, held its annual convention to-day. On the rostrum with the president, Mrs. Charity Rusk Craig. were Miss Clara Barton, of the Red Cross were Miss Clara Barlon, of the ked Cross
association; Mrs. Anna Willenmyer, Mrs.
Russell Alger and Mrs. General Logan.
After Mrs. Logan had spoken briefly, Generals Consigny, Erwin and Longstaff presented the association with a gavel made from the table on which General Grant worked in his tannery. The work of the afternoon was routine in character.

AMERICAN BAR ASSOCIATION. Judge Field Makes an Interesting

Address. CHICAGO, August 28 .- The twelfth annual meeting of the American Bar association was opened informally this morning by Judge Lyman Trumbuli with an address of welcome by David Dudley Field, the president of the association. About four hundred prominent attorneys were present from all sections of the country.

After other introductory speeches President Field delivered his annual address.

When he came to the passages on trusts and ballot reform he told the assemblage these two subjects were the most important for its consideration. Speaking of the an-nual legislative system, which has been adopted by all but eight states, Mr. Field gave his opinion strongly in favor of annual sessions. Mr. Field's address was an interesting one throughout. At its conclusion i long list of the prominent lawyers of Illihois and surrounding states were nominated for admission to the association and they were

Prof. Besser Bonored. TORONTO, Ont., August 28 .- At the busi

ness meeting of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, C. E. Bessey, president of the Nebraska university, was elected president for the ensuing year.

DEMPSEY WILL THY IT AGAIN. The Marine is Willing to Fight An-

other Battle. SAN FRANCISCO, August 28.-The blow which sent Dempsey to the floor in the thirty-second round last night and lost him the fight with Le Blanche was a terrific right hand swing, which landed squarely on the Nonpareil's nose. The champion of fifty battles fell like a shot, striking flat on his face and lay there limp and bleeding. Twice he rose to his hands and knees, but went down helpless. Then he staggered to his feet with an effort, but had to seek the ropes and hang there. Ten seconds passed and Le Blanche had paid back the old score and won the purse of \$5,000.

As soon as Dempsey got his senses he staggered over to the Marine's corner and asked him imploringly if he would not give him another fight, and upon receiving his assent seemed to recover and shook hands with the winner. to recover and shock hands with the winner.
LeBlanche said to a friend that it was not a
chance blow that ended the fight. He was
not punished badly nor distressed, he said.
After his last defeat by Dempsey he determined that he would never rest until he
wiped it out, and now he's happy,
Dempsey took his dereat sorely, but derived
consolation from the fact that Le Blanche
had promised him another fight.

had promised him another fight.

He had the fight in hand and was making it a waiting one. He saw the tremendous blow coming but couldn't get away. He says he misjudged his adversary's condition and was careless.

THE SIOUX BILL,

Another Man Thinks a Proclamation Is Sufficient.

PIERRE, S. D., August 28 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-The following but adds another endorsement to the opinion that the Sioux bill does not have to be ratified by congress, coming from the chairman of the Indian committee and father of the bill: BENTONVILLE, Ark., August 28 .- Hon. J. J.

Bentonville, Ark, August 28.—Hon. J. J., Kleiner: I had noticed conflicting opinions in Washington papers about our Sioux bill, which really surprised me. It may be true that in the appropriation bill was a commission clause, passed after the Sioux, but that was only intended to be used in case the Sioux bill failed to be ratified by the Indians. It was not intended to submit the work of the commission to congress if the Indians ratify it the into congress if the Indians ratify it, the intent being for the president to open to settlement by proclamation when satisfied that enough male adults required by the treaty had ratified. I hope that the secretary and president will so interpret the bill.

The Blue Grase Palace.

S. W. HEEL.

CRESTON, Ia., August 28 .- [Special Telegram to THE BRE. |- To-day was Cass county day at the blue grass exposition, and by far the grandest day of all. Fully sixteen thousand people passed through the gates, and even larger crowds are expected to-morrow. Six special trains were insufficient to accommodate the crowds to-day, and all standing room in the coaches was taken. The streets of the city are filled with a vast, surging crowd, and more are looked for the latter part of the week. Next Saturday is Chicago. Burlington & Quincy day, and the railroad company promises to have twenty-five hundred men in line with plenty of brass bands and bright banners. A string of locomotives nearly haif a mile long will be drawn up in the Creston yards on that day with bells and whistles in full blast. The Chicago, Burlington & Quincy management will not do thing by balves, and it is nuderstood that all rail road men and their families employed by the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy in Iowa will be given free transportation on that day to and from the palace. To merrow Decatur good a showing as did Cass county to-day it will win laurels. To morrow is also the last day of the Creston fair, the free-for-all trot taking place then. Nine horses are entered for a purse of \$6.0.

Victimizing the Liverymen. FORT DODGE, Ia., August 28 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE. ]-A man whose appearance indicates a substantial German farmer is conducting a clever swindling scheme among the liverymen of northern Iowa. He gives the name of Berger, and claims to be an extensive dairy farmer of Orange county, New York, and is out west purchasing cows. He arrives in a city and makes his headquarters at the leading livery parn and makes daily trips into the country returning every evening and reporting large purchases from well-known larmers. After weeks of campaigning he announces that he must suspend operations for a day to await the arrival of his son, who will bring money. He tells a plausible story and usually succeeds in borrowing money from the livery man to continue his work. and gets sums varying from \$100 to \$500 from each of his victims. E. M. Dunning, a prominent livery man of this city, is his latest

Officers are now after the swindler, but he has not yet been apprehended. The Select Knights. KANSAS CITY, August 28 .- The supreme legion of Select Knights concluded its biennial session to-day. The report of the com-

mittee recommending that the order be so organized that admission to its ranks could be possible without previous initiation through the A. O. U. W. and that the third degree be added composed entirely of those also members of the A. O. U. W., was adopted. The legion will meet in Chicago two years bence. following officers for the ensuing two years were announced by Supreme Commander Reid: Supreme vice commander, E. M. Ford, Emporia, Kan, supreme standard bearer, W. T. Averill, Kansas City; supreme senior workman, G. W. Linn, Chicago; trustees, R. E. Cowdry, Toneka: J. W. Carr Omaha. Topeka; J. W. Carr, Omaha.

The Cronin Case. Chicago, August 28.—The Cronin case was resumed this morning before Judge McConnell, with the hearing of arguments of counsel on the motions of the defendants, Martin Burge, O'Sullivan and Woodruff, for separate trials, and Kunze for an order on the state's attorney compelling him to give him a copy of the evidence before the grand jury on which he was indicted and a list of the on which he was indicted and a list of the which he was indicated and a list of the witnesses who testified against him. The arguments covered about the same ground as was covered in the affidiavits Monday, and were to the general effect that the cases of the various defendants, in whose behalf the arguments were made, would be prejudiced by trial conjointly with the others. After counsel for the various prisoners had made their pleas for separate trials, States Attorney Longenecker addressed the court,

combatting granting such a motion. Congressman Springer at Bismarck. Q BISMARCE, N. D., August 28.—[Special Telegram to The Bre.]—Congressman Springer was tendered a reception here to-night in which citizens, regardless of politics, turned out to express their gratitude for the part he played in securing statehood for North Da kota. In his speech Mr. Springer touched upon the question of irrigation, and said that, after traveling over the territory, he believed it to be the only feasible plan for insuring good crops. He pledged himself to the support of a proposition looking to the establishment of a system of irrigation.

Boulangists Arrested. Paris: August 28 .- M. Thiesse, a Boulangist member of the chamber of deputies, was to-day arrested together with seventyeight other persons for resisting the police at last night's meeting. Thiesse was after-

American Scientific Association. TORONTO, August 28.—The meeting of the American association for the advancement of A HOUSE OF WHITE SUGAR.

A Sweet Addition for the Executive Mansion.

CLAUS SPRECKELS' SCHEME.

He Proposes an Unlickable, Unmeltable, Sacchariferous Extension to the White House-The Outlook in Obio.

WASHINGTON BUREAU, THE OMAHA BEE, ] 513 FOURTHENTH STREET. WASHINGTON, D. C., August 28.

Dr. George O. Giavis, an attorney of this city, who has recently been to Europe, came back on the Fulda. Among the passengers were Mr. J. B. Farwell, of Chicago; Mr. McGregor, of the treasury department, and Clans Spreckels. Dr. Glavis says that during the voyage the gentlemen named above were frequently together, and that Mr. Spreckles intends to run down the sugar trust yet, although he expects that the fight will be a long and difficult one. But it was not so much the intention of the Hawaiian sugar king toward the sugar trust that interested gentleman of the party as the scheme he divulged for building an addition to the white house. Mr. Spreckels told the coterie that while experimenting to discover a process for hardening the sugar beet for export he recently hit upon a device which does the work so thoroughly as to practically petrify the saccharine. So hard does it become, according to Mr. Spreckels' statement, that it is absolutely insaluble in water and can not

be injured by winds or ratus.

Mr. Spreckels proposes to build an addition to the executive mansion to be conthe the executive masses to be constructed entirely of this hardened sugar. He claims that it will be whiter than the whitest marble, that he will furnish it at just one-half the cost of marble, and that after he has completed the work it shall be carefully examined by a committee of experts and if one of the committee raises a single reasonable objection to the he will remove the whole of it and restore the grounds to their original shape without the cost of one cent to the government. Dr. Glavis, at the instance of Mr. Speck

els, is preparing specifications to submit to the patent office in order that he may protect the hardening process, which he has discovered. The scheme seems to be absurd upon its face and the idea of using sugar as building will doubtlessly bring down lots of ridicule upon the heads of the projectors, but yet that it is feasible is quite in the bounds yet that it is feasible is quite in the bounds of probability. The attention of your correspondent was directed to-day to an article in the Encyclopedia Brittanica in which a process for hardening gelatine was described. This article explains how gelatine is hardened to such a degree that it can be and is used as the matrix for engraved plates. So hard does the substance become under the process. does the substance become under the process that the raised surface is forced into soft steel and the design is thereby duplicated as often as desired. It would seem quite pos-sible, therefore, if gelatine can be so hard-ened that there would be no difficulty in

ened that there would be no dimenty in treating sugar in the same manner.

Just how Mr. Spreckels can produce the hardened sugar so as to sell the blocks at half the price of marble has not yet been explained. Beet sugar is to be used, the idea being to make the addition a peculiarly national structure.

NOT AFRAID OF CAMPBELL. Ohio politicians, after the announcement of the nomination of James Campbell for governor to-day, were freely discussing the | mand, an outrage against the people. robabilities, and the drift of opinion among hem was that there will not be half the harmony in the democratic ranks that was predicted; in fact, one of the best posted Thurmanites from Cincinnati said to your correspondent: "Campbell will meet every opposition from two distinct factions the party. In the first place Hurd men, who are quite a power through-out the state at the polis, if not at the con-ventions, will certainly knife Campbell be-cause of his affiliations with the Randall wing of the party in the house. Then, too, the friends of Thurman believe that Jimmic' has been altogether too friendly with the republicans of Cincinnati to suit them, and they will use the knife very freely in Hamilton county." Altogether the pros-pects are better for the election of Foraker with Campbell on the democratic ticket, than they would have been with any other

man whose name was suggested in the con-AN OVERBURDENED COURT. The docket of the supreme court will be court began the docket contained 1,073 cases, This year it has not yet been sent to the printer and daily additions are being filed. At 2 o'clock this afternoon the total number was 1,211 cases, and the chances are now that it will be five years before the last case on the docket is reached unless congress takes some steps relieve the supreme court of the growing burden. That such steps will be taken seem to be assured, as efforts in that direction have been made several times in the past but always without success.

NEBRASKA AND IOWA POSTMASTERS. Nebraska-Battle Creek, Madison county L. T. Caras; Doniphan, Hall county, I. McGee; Hazard, Sherman county, J. Cressier; Midvale, Brown county, Mrs. S. Robinson. Iowa—Curlew, Palo Alto county, F. D. Lacey; Boon, Lyon county, John Case; It-wood, Lyon county, D. C. Garver; Evans, Mahaska county, Job L. Davis; Keystone, Benton county, George F. Faugerman; Larchwood, Lyon county, R. german; Larchwood, Lyon county, R O'Shannon; Maxfield, Bremer county, O. E. Meyerhoff; Meriden, Cherokee county James W. Jones; Merrill, Plymouth county Fred Aldrich; Paris, Linn county, John C. Baxter; Renwick, Humboldt county, W. T. Drenner; Ringgold, Ringgold county, S. F. Kater; Schaller, Sac county, Arthur H. Montgomery; Trentham, Lynn county. Thomas Harrison.

MISCELLANEOUS. James Eakin has been appointed a store-keeper in the Fifth Illinois district.

Nebraska and Iowa Pensions. Washington, D. C., August 28 .- [Special Telegram to THE BER, |-Pensions allowed. Nebraskans: Original invalid-Wm. D, Andrews, Ira Nelson, Joseph C. Kildon. In crease-Frederick Muller. Original widows, etc.-Selina, widow os Peter Uler.

Pensions granted, Iowans: Original in-valid—Geo. W. Black, Luther D. Wheeler alias Charles Brown, John W. Keliy, Wm. A. McGrew, Joseph W. Knapp, Wm. H Petty, Peter Mausehung, Chas. Smetch (deceased). Increase—George E. Burns, Original wid-ows, etc.—Susan, widow of Charles H. Smock; Hulda, mother of Thomas M.

A St. Joe Man Shot. St. Joseph, Mo., August 28 .- [Special Tel egram to THE BEE.]-Word was received here to-day that Milt Sighers and been shot and mortally wounded at Pueblo, Colo., by a young man named Lowrey, also of St. Joseph, and a relative of Sighers. A quar-rel took place between the two, when Sigh-ers snapped a gun twice at Lowrey, the lat-ter pulling his revolver and shooting Sighers through the breast.

The Sequel to a Shooting. St. Joseph, Mo., August 28.-|Special Telegram to THE BEE. | - In the circuit court to-day suits were filed against Chief of Police Broder and Charles and Horace Nowland for \$4,000 and one against Charles Nowland for \$5,000. These suits have grown out of the shooting of Jackson by Charles Now-tand in the office of Chief of Police Broder last April in a controversy over the authorship of a note Jackson had carried to Now-land's daughter. THE HURON CONVENTION.

A Temporary Chairman Chosen and the Committees Appointed.

HURON, S. D., August 28 .- | Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-At 2:26 this afternoon the republican state convention was rapped to order by Colonel Cod, chairman of the state committee. After prayer by Rev. William Fielder, of Aberdeen, Colonel Cod made a short and stirring address on the prospect that is opening up for this new state, and of all its interests.

Colonel Fahnestock, of Watertown, nominated Colonel A. B. Smedly, of Millbank, for temporary chairman. There was a hearty second to this and a thundering aye when the vote was put, all voting for the motion. The mover and Major Sol Starr, of Deadwood, escorted the colonel to the chair. He gratefully accepted the honors and duties, and gracefully referred to the fact that he occumed a similar position when the republicans med a similar position when the republicans named their state ticket in the same hall in

H. E. Mayhew, editor of the Letcher Blade, was made temporary secretary by a similar vote and at once read the call for the meeting. By a vote of the house the chairman appointed committees as follows:

Credentials — Grimshaw, of Lawrence;
Ellis, of Faulk; Bowdie, of Davison; Wilson, of McCook; Holt, of Kingsbury; Gesley, of Codington; Patton, of Mead; Maxwell, of Bonhomme; Canburn, of Brown; McCoy, of Ciark; Kimball, of Beadle.

Permanent Organization-Keith, of Minnehaha; Fowler, of Pennington; Waite, of Lin-coln; Foster, of Hanson; Wilder, of Brown; Mason, of Hand; Herried, of McPherson; Chase, of Codington; Brown, of Moody. Rules—Fahnestock, of Codington; Proctor, of Grant; Simmons, of Pennington; Foster,

of Spink; Diamond, of Brockings.
The convention then adjourned until 7 o'clock this evening.
At 8 o'clock the convention met and the chairman appointed these gentlemen as the

chairman appointed these gentlemen as the committee on platform:
Wardell, of Beadle; Wiard, of Davison; McEvey, of Brooklyn; Schamber, of Hutchinson; Hagerty, of Brown, Potter, of McCook; Young, of Minnehaha; Carney, of Lawrence; Bratt, of Mead; McFadden, of Custer; Ward, of Turner.

The convention adjourned till 9 o'clock tomorrow merning. morrow morning

OHIO DEMOURATS.

The State Convention Adopts a Platform and Proceeds to Nominate.

DAYTON, O., August 28 .- The democratic state convention was called to order at 10:15 this morning by Dr. Morton, who made his ad dress, outlining the purposes of the convention. He made his speech the vehicle of a caustic criticism of the republican party, especially Governor Foraker, the candidate of that party for re-election. His allusion to Grover Cleveland as the noblest and greatest of living democrats was marked by long-

continued applause.
M. D. Harter, of Richland county, was elected permanent president. On taking the chair Harter made a very lengthy speech, covering nearly all the points at issue be-

tween the parties.

After adopting the report of the committee on rules and order of business, the report of the committee on resolutions was read and

adopted amid great applause. The platform approves that of the St. Louis convention; regards trusts as the result of the present tariff system, and demands the repeal of all tariff taxes that enable them to extort exorbitant prices for their products; acknowledges the debt of gratitude the nation owes the heroes of the late war; denounces the republican administration for repeatedly violating its pledge in be half of civil service reform, and declares that the nomination of Governor Foraker, of Ohio, for a third term by the notorious and disgraceful use of the patronage at his com-A resolution favoring the location of the

world's fair in 1892 at some point in the Miss-issippi valley was read and referred to a ommistee without debate. Nominations for governor being next in order, the names of James E. Campbell, of Butler county, and Virgil P. Kline were pre

Lawrence T. Neal, of Ross county, was also placed in nomination. The first ballot, after considerable wrangling, was aunounced. Campbell received 388, Neal 293, nd Kile 109. It required 296 votes to nom inate.

Campbell was nominated on the second

William Vance was nominated for lieuten-

Pennsylvania Prohibitionists. HARRISBURG, Pa., August 28.—There were many prominent temperance workers from all parts of the state present when the pro-hibition convention was called to order to-day.

After the usual preliminary business a recess was taken until 2 o'clock this afternoon. The platform declares that the traffic intoxicating liquors is a prolific source of crime and lawlessness and should be prohib-ited. The platform of the national prohibition party is indorsed. The Australian sys-tem of balloting is favored. All citizens without distinction of sex, race or nationality should have the power of the ballot. J. R. Johnston, of Pittsburg, was nominated for state treasurer. Adjourned.

WESTERN PACKING INTERESTS.

The Competition For Hogs Somewhat Reduced.

CINCINNATI, O., August 28 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE. ]-To-morrow's Price Current will say: The total packing in the west for the week has been 120,000 hogs, compared with 115,000 the preceding week, and 95,000 last year. The season's total from March 1 is 5,030,000, against 4,045,000 a year ago. The gain for the week is 25,000, and for the season 985,000, compared with last year. There are no indications of any especial enlargement in the near future. Some additional houses have closed, and thus the competition for hogs is somewhat reduced.

Place.	1889.	1888,
Chicago	1,635,0001	1,340,00
Kansas City	823,000	637,00
Omaha	494,030	470,00
St. Louis	298,030	245,00
Indianapolis	208,000	181,00
Cincinnati	133,000	96,00
Milwaukee	201,000	135,00
Cedar Rapids	143,000	136,00
Cleveland	130,000	95,00
Sioux City	227,000	177,00
Ottumwa	101,000	94,00
Nebraska City	104,000	49,00
St. Joseph	95,030	28,00

HALLIDAY'S STEALINGS.

They Cause a Panic in the Town and County.

MOUNT GILEAD, O., August 28 .- | Special relegram to THE BEE. |-Late Saturday night it was discovered that R. A. Hailiday for twenty-three years cashier of the First National bank, had fled; Sunday it was learned he had taken fully \$25,000 with him; Monday it was charged that he had added extensive forgeries to stealing; yesterday his shortage was said to be close to \$50,000, and a panic has seized the town and county Other banks are experiencing a run. The town is crowded with excited farmers, all of whom were depositors. Four failures are already reported, and business is completely prostrated. Hulliday's wife is so overcome that she has to be guarded to prevent her committing suicide. It is rumored that the bank at Chesterville has suspended payment until the First National's affairs are straight-If so, there will be a dozen big fail ened. ures in the county.

Steamship Arrivals. At Queenstown-The City of Rome and Teutonic, from New York for Liverpool. At New York-The City of Paris, from Liverpool for London.

More Large Bond Purchases. WASHINGTON, I August 28 .- The treasury purchased \$3,888,900 worth of bonds to-day-

## PENNSYLVANIA MAKES A CUT

The New Rates Likely to Stir Up a Lively Row.

NO ACTION HAS BEEN TAKEN YET.

The Notice Given So Late in the Day That There Has Been No. Time to Consider the Matter.

It Means a Rate War. CHICAGO, August 18 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE. |- The Pennsylvania company has made a radical departure from its oldtime conservatism by adopting harvest ex-

cursion rates on all its lines. A decided howl went up from the central traffic and trunk roads when the Pennsylvania established the low rates on its Pan-Handle line, but as the Pan-Handle is not in either association it could not be punished. Now that the low rates are in effect on all the Pennsylvania lines it means a rate

For nine months there has not been the slightest break in the Chicago east-bound passenger rates, but the Pennsylvania's departure is liable to create unnumbered disturbances. It amounts to a cut of 50 per cent in all passenger tariffs for at least three cays, with a chance for all eastern and Chi-cago scalpers to reap a rich harvest. The notice of the Pennsylvania was given

so late in the day that the other roads have as yet taken no action. The Nebraska-St. Louis Differential. CHICAGO, August 28.-[Special Telegram to THE BEE. |-The Trans-Missouri association did almost nothing to-day to-ward equalizing the through rates and the sums of the locals in its territory. It was expected that the board of trade would make a demand on the association this afternoon for the abolishment of the 5 cent differential rate on grain from Nebraska to St. Louis. This differential operates heavily against Chicago grain men, and several attempts have been made to do away with it. The last attempt was made with it. The last attempt was made by the Union Pacific, but the St. Louis grain men raised such a howl that the differential was continued in effect. The board of trade

cure the withdrawal of the differential. President Strong is Happy. CHICAGO, August 28 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE. ]-President Strong, of the Santa Fe, was apparently as happy as a school boy to-day when asked if he had any definite plans in view after September 6, when his

men of Chicago are confident they can se-

resignation will go into effect. "I have not decided on my future course sufficiently to speak of it," said he. "I he relict I have experienced since my resignation w. s accepted rather makes me dread going into active work immediately. I want to congratulate the company, however, on having secured the services of Mr. Manvil to take my place. I have known him intimately for twenty-five years and know him to be a capable and honorable man. He will make a

most excellent officer." Director Magoun was seen at the Richelieu and said nothing further had been decided as to the policy of the company. It would not be decided until Mr. Manvil could take part in shaping it.

A New Milwankee Road.

MILWAUKEE, August 28. - Articles of incorporation were filed at Madison to-day by the Milwaukee, Danview & Chicago railroad company. The plan is to build a road from Milwaukee to Chicago. It is understood the line is projected in the interest of the Wis; consin Central.

BALKED BY BIPEDS.

Birds Drive an Omithologist From

Their Nesting Place. TAUNTON, Mass., August 28 .- [Special Telegram to THE BEE.]-John C. Calhoun, of this city, is employed by the ornithological department of the Smithsonian institute to collect for them birds, nests, eggs, etc. They lately sent him to New Foundland to get them a complete exhibition of marine fowls, their nests and eggs. and two weeks ago he started. News was received to-day by his family that he had a very narrow escape recently at Cape St. May and was still unable to do any work from the shock he had received. It seems he determined to scale the cliff-like rock that rises out of the sea some half mile from the cape. The beach is narrow, and the cliffs, flat at the top, rise almost perpendicular to a height of 400 feet, the last 150 feet being straight up and down. Despite the warning of the natives he determined to make the ascent by the aid of an Aipine stock and rope. The latter, 150 feet long, he carried tied to his belt. After two hours' climbing and by hair breadth escapes he reached the top. The only human being to accomplish the feat. No sooner had he achieved his object than he aroused a great swarm of secapils, etc. that sooner had he achieved his object than he aroused a great swarm of seagulls, etc., that flew so victurely at him that to save his eyes and face he had to lay down on the rocks. This saved him, but he was terribly clawed and bitten. He attempted to escape by crawling, and finally got over the edge of the cliff on a narrow shelf where he remained several hours vannly calling for help. Finding himself out of hearing he determined to try and escape. Making his rope termined to try and escape. Making his rope secure to the shelf he swung himself out in the dizzy abyss, and although his flagers and

face were terribly picked by his enemies, he reached the bottom of the perpendicular wall, and here his aides found him and helped him to the beach. He was unable to walk or talk through exhaustion. LOOKS BRIGHT FOR NAGLE.

All the Attorneys Representing the State Withdraw. San Francisco, August 28 .- The case of Deputy Marshal Nagle, who shot David T. Terry, was taken up in the United States circuit court to-day for the purpose of fixing the time for the taking of testimony and hearing arguments on the question of the jurisdiction of the federal court. It was announced that all the attorneys representing the state had withdrawn from the

the hearing was postponed till next Tuesday. The National Editorial Association. DETROIT, August 28.-The second day's session of the National Editorial association was occupied with the reading of papers by delegates. Hon. E. A. Snively, of Springfield, read a paper on "Public Printing," He condemned the postoffice department for entering into competition with job printers in printing what he said were practically in printing what he said were practically business cards on stamped envelopes, thus beating publishers out of a source of revenue. Matthew Perow, of Iowa, read a well prepared paper on the "Postal Service." He favored a general reduction in postage until the department is merely self-supporting. In the afternoon the delegates went on an excursion and to-night were tendered a reception by ex-Postmaster General and

Train Robbers Captured.

SALT LAKE, Utah, August 28 .- Two of the robbers who held up the Rio Grande Western train at Thompson Springs recently have been captured on the Navajo reservation, Arizona, and brought to this city to-day. They gave their names as Charles Curtis and Jim Rummel. They are dressed as cowboys, and claim that they will be able to prove an alibi when their witnesses arrive. They were identified by the engineer and crew of the train which was held-up, but both stontly assert their innocence. They will have a hearing in the course of ten days.